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КАРМАННЫЕ
ПАРТИТУРЫ

Д. ШОСТАКОВИЧ

ДЕСЯТАЯ
СИМФОНΙΑ



МУЗГЛЗ



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Д. ШОСТАКОВИЧ
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ДЕСЯТАЯ
СИМФОНИЯ

THE TENTH
SYMPHONY

ПАРТИТУРА
SCORE

ГОСУДАРСТВЕННОЕ
МУЗЫКАЛЬНОЕ ИЗДАТЕЛЬСТВО
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ПРЕДИСЛОВИЕ

Десятая симфония Д. Шостаковича написана в 1953 году. Ее первое исполнение состоялось 17 декабря 1953 года в Ленинграде. Симфонию исполнил оркестр Ленинградской филармонии под управлением Е. Мравинского.

Новое произведение знаменитого композитора сразу же привлекло к себе внимание широких кругов слушателей. За короткое время она прозвучала на многих эстрадах мира, стала одним из наиболее известных произведений современной музыки.

Д. Шостакович говорил, что Десятая симфония, как и многие другие его произведения, написана «в защиту мира», хотя она и не имеет конкретной программы. Автор, по его словам, стремился выразить мысли и переживания наших современников, людей, горячо любящих мир, борющихся против угрозы войны.

Десятая симфония продолжает основную линию симфонизма Шостаковича, наиболее полно выраженную в его Пятой, Шестой, Седьмой и Восьмой симфониях. Это произведение, отображающее острые конфликты, суровые раздумья — иногда более спокойные, сосредоточенные, иногда приводящие к бурным душевным порывам.

Композитор вновь запечатлел образы злых, враждебных человеку сил и дыхание жизни, которая идет вперед, побеждая все, что стоит на пути человеческого прогресса.

В музыкальном языке этого произведения нет той сложности, предельной напряженности, которыми отмечена партитура Восьмой симфонии. Но творческая индивидуальность Шостаковича проявилась здесь очень полно и ярко.

Для Десятой симфонии характерно преобладание протяженных «пластов», медленно развертывающихся музыкальных размышлений. Вместе с тем симфония насыщена действием, конфликтно-напряженной борьбой. В процессе музыкально-драматургического развития возникают темы-лейтмотивы, переходящие из одной части в другую. Огромная роль принадлежит многообразным интонационным связям — они пронизывают симфонию от первого до последнего такта.

Партитура этого произведения — один из самых выдающихся образцов современного оркестрового мышления. Оркестр для Шостаковича — средство тембрового выражения конфликтов, лежащих в основе произведения. Главное в его оркестровке — драматургия тембров. Они принимают самое непосредственное участие в развитии музыкальной драмы и неотделимы от нее.

Шостакович скуп на тембровые краски, но каждый тембр приобретает у него особенную выразительность. Этот строгий, порой графически четкий стиль, полярно противоположен пышности, красочной расточительности импрессионистской оркестровки. Один из его примеров — Десятая симфония.

Первая часть симфонии — «сонатное Moderato» (сонатные Moderato, Adagio, как первая часть симфонического цикла, стали у Шостаковича традицией). Ее музыка безрадостна. Темные тучи все время завлакивают небо, скрывая от нас солнечный свет.

Вступление построено на сумрачной теме, которая является те-

мой-«зерном»; из нее вырастает значительная часть тематического материала произведения. Тема звучит, как трагический вопрос, остающийся пока без ответа. На фоне движения, установившегося во вступительном разделе, возникает тема главной партии (кларнет соло). Есть в ней грустная женственная мягкость и обаяние. В ее основе — певучие, одухотворенные интонации; они песенны по своей природе. Тема главной партии уже в экспозиции получает широкое развитие. Большая волна нарастания проникнута душевным волнением, трепетом. Побочная партия (флейта соло) сочетает элемент танцевальности (отголоски вальса) с психологической углубленностью. Мелодия настойчиво возвращается к одним и тем же оборотам. Тембры низкого регистра флейты и *pizzicato* струнных придают этой музыке несколько призрачный и холодный оттенок.

Необычность ладового строения побочной партии вызывала споры; утверждали, что здесь имеет место политональность. В действительности тональность побочной партии — G-dur (мажорная параллель по отношению к основной тональности — e-moll), усложненный низкими ступенями, типичными для ладового мышления Шостаковича.

В разработке участвует весь тематический материал экспозиции. Длительно накапливаемые драматические чувства, теперь прорвались наружу. Тут боль и страдание, но также и протест, постепенно достигающий огромной силы.

Как и в других своих симфониях, Шостакович строит разработку на принципе внутреннего переосмысливания тем. Тема вступления становится грозной, даже фатальной (вспомним перерождение темы главной партии в первой части Пятой симфонии того же автора). Ее начальный мотив, настойчиво повторяясь, приобретает характер навязчивой идеи. Неотвязно звучит и преобразенная тема побочной партии (теперь она потеряла сходство с вальсом). Так же как и в Пятой, Седьмой и Восьмой симфониях, главная кульминационная вершина — динамическая реприза главной партии. При этом главная тональность e-moll заменена тональностью f-moll (впрочем, бас h представляет собой e-moll'ную доминанту). В теме главной партии теперь нет и тени былой женственности, лирической мягкости. Она выражает то протестующее начало, которое присутствует во всех симфониях-трагедиях Шостаковича.

После главной партии появляется вступительная тема. Побочная партия изменена сравнительно мало. Кода — возврат к изначальным образам и настроениям первой части.

Вторая часть — одно из тех скерцо, которые в творчестве Шостаковича воплощают образы зла и борьбы с враждебными силами. Эта музыка производит впечатление постепенно разгорающегося пожара, который превращается в огненный, бушующий вихрь. Отталкиваясь от тех же интонаций, которые лежали в основе первой части, композитор придает музыкальному движению все большую интенсивность: из первичной клетки исходного мотива вырастает сложный музыкальный организм. Есть здесь приемы, напоминающие «токкату» (*Allegro non troppo*) из Восьмой симфонии: резкие, повелительно-грубые ритмы, воинственная дробь малого барабана, хроматические ходы у струнных в сочетании с механически повторяющейся фигурой (трио).

В третьей части автор вновь отдается своим суровым думам. Хотя эта музыка проникнута невеселыми настроениями, она насыщена отголосками танцевальных ритмов, ощутимых уже в первой теме. Особенно четко звучат эти ритмы в G-dur'ном эпизоде, который следует непосредственно за главной темой.

Форма третьей части — рондо с большой, сонатного типа разработкой перед кодой. Первый эпизод построен на теме D—Es—C—H, многократно повторяемой. Она привлекает особое внимание, становится лейтмотивом двух последних частей симфонии. Примечательно, что этот лейтмотив тоже выведен из вступительной темы первой части. Чтобы убедиться в этом, достаточно немного изменить начальный мотив вступления (вместо e-fis-g-dis-fis-g-e-dis). Главная тема третьей части заключает в себе еще более явное предвосхищение лейтмотива, который окончательно кристаллизуется в первом эпизоде рондо. Буквенная расшифровка данной темы представляет собой инициалы автора симфонии. В мировой музыкальной литературе есть немало тем, построенных по этому принципу (так, например, неоднократно использовалась тема BACH). Но было бы, конечно, наивно непосредственно связывать эмоционально-смысловое значение подобных мелодий с личностью композитора. Роль этой музыкальной монограммы в Десятой симфонии определяется не сразу. Первоначально она не слишком привлекает наше внимание. Настойчивое повторение темы в различном контексте, большие масштабы ее симфонического роста придают ей значительность, драматизм.

После второго проведения темы рефрена вторгается призывная тема валторны, построенная на певучих оборотах пасторального характера. Это мелодия звучит в Allegretto двенадцать раз, причем ее рисунок не изменяется. Неизменна и тембровая окраска темы; при каждом своем появлении она поручается валторнам. Их тембр становится «лейттембром» и в рамках данной части почти нигде больше не используется.

Финальному Allegro предшествует медленное вступление, продолжающее драматургическую линию первой и третьей частей. Хотя основная тема финала зарождается во вступлении, переход к Allegro — один из тех резких контрастов, которыми богат симфонизм Шостаковича. Темную, глухую ночь сменяет радостный день, и смена эта происходит быстро, почти мгновенно.

Главная партия финального Allegro (его форма — сонатная) рождает представление о детских играх, забавах. Побочная партия приближается к характеру народных плясок. Музыка разработки постепенно насыщается драматизмом. Вновь появляются грозные интонации второй части; в момент кульминации во всем оркестре звучит лейтмотив D—Es—C—H. Эпизод перед репризой (частично повторяющий в измененном виде музыку вступления к финалу) еще больше сосредотачивает наше внимание на образах, воплотивших сумрачные думы, тяжелые переживания. В репризе и коде радость, счастье одерживают победу. Но настойчиво-беспокойные повторения лейтмотива намекают на то, что победа — это не безмятежный покой...

Л. Данилевич

СОСТАВ ОРКЕСТРА ORCHESTRA

Малая флейта
2 флейты (II=малой флейте II)
2 гобоя
Английский рожок (=гобою III)
Малый кларнет (Ми $\flat$) (= кларнету III)
2 кларнета (Ля, Си $\flat$)
2 фагота
Контрафагот (=фаготу III)

* * *

4 валторны (фа)
3 трубы (Си $\flat$)
3 тромбона
Туба

* * *

Литавры
Треугольник
Бубен
Малый барабан
Тарелки
Большой барабан
Там-там
Ксилофон

* * *

Скрипки I
Скрипки II
Альты
Виолончели
Контрабасы

Flauto piccolo
2 Flauti (II=Piccolo II)
2 Oboi
Corno inglese (=Oboe III)
Clarinetto piccolo (Es) (= Clarinetto III)
2 Clarinetti (A, B)
2 Fagotti
Contrafagotto (=Fagotto III)

* * *

4 Corni (F)
3 Trombe (B)
3 Tromboni
Tuba

* * *

Timpani
Triangolo
Tamburino
Tamburo
Piatti
Cassa
Tam-tam
Silofono

* * *

Violini I
Violini II
Viole
Violoncelli
Contrabassi

II 66
III 115
IV 146

ДЕСЯТАЯ СИМФОНИЯ THE TENTH SYMPHONY

7

I

А. ШОСТАКОВИЧ, op. 93
D. SHOSTAKOVICH
(1953 г.)

Moderato $\text{♩} = 96$

Piccolo

2 Flauti

3 Oboi I, II
III

Clarinetto piccolo (Es)

2 Clarinetti (A)

2 Fagotti

Contrafagotto

4 Corni (F) I, II
III, IV

3 Trombe (B) I, II
III

3 Tromboni

Tuba

Timpani

Tamburo

Piatti

Tam - tam

Moderato $\text{♩} = 96$

Violini I

Violini II

Viole

Violoncelli

Contrabassi

М. 34647 Г.

1

Archi

2

Archi

3

Archi

4

Archi

$\text{♩} = 408$

Archi

5 *Isolo*

Cl. (A) *p semplice* *cresc.*

Archi

6

Cl. I *mf* *dim.* *p* *pp* *cresc.* *pp subito*

Archi

pp *cresc.* *pp subito*

pp *cresc.* *pp subito*

pp

7

Arch.

p *cresc.*

8

Arch.

mf *dim.* *p*

9

Cor.

pp cresc. *pp cresc.*

pp *cresc.* *pp* *cresc.* *pp* *cresc.* *pp* *cresc.*

Picc.
 Fl.
 I. II
 Ob.
 III
 Cl. picc.
 (Es)
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 I. II
 Tr-be
 III
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 Archi

p cresc.
f
cresc.
f
cresc.
I
p cresc.
a2
f
a2
cresc.
f espr.
f espr.
mf div.
f espr. div.
f espr.
f espr.
f espr.
f espr.
f espr.
cresc.
cresc.

10

Picc. *f* *espr.*

Fl. *f* *espr.* *a2*

I. II *f* *espr.* *a2*

Ob. *f* *espr.*

III *f* *espr.*

Cl. picc. (E♭) *f* *espr.* *a2*

Cl. *f* *espr.* *a2*

Fag. *f* *espr.* *a2*

C. fag. *f* *espr.*

Cor. *f* *espr.*

I. II *f* *espr.*

Tr. ba III *f* *espr.*

Tr. ni e Tuba *f* *espr.*

Timp. *f* *espr.*

10

8. *f* *espr.*

un. *f* *espr.*

Arch. *f* *espr.*

f *espr.*

This is a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony. The instruments listed on the left are:

- Picc.
- Fl.
- I II
- Ob.
- III
- Cl. picc.
- (Es)
- Cl.
- Fag.
- C-fag.
- Cor.
- I II
- Tr-bc
- III
- Tr-ni
- e
- Tuba
- Timp.
- Arch.

The score includes musical notation with various dynamics and articulations. Key markings include:

- ff espr.* (fortissimo, esprimo)
- ans.* (anacrusis)
- Rehearsal mark **11**

The page shows a complex orchestration with multiple staves for each instrument, indicating a large-scale musical work.

12

Picc. *f* *foroso.* *a2*

Fl. *f* *foroso.* *a2*

Ob. *f* *foroso.*

Cl. picc. *f* *foroso.* *a2*

Cl. *f* *foroso.*

Fag. *f*

C-fag. *f*

Cor. *f* *a2* *espr.* *a2* *espr.*

Tr-be *f*

Tr-ni
e *f*

Tuba *f*

Timp. *f* *tocco*

12

Arch. *f* *foroso. div.* *espr.* *foroso.* *espr.* *foroso.* *espr.*

This page of a musical score is for a symphony, likely the first movement of a Beethoven symphony given the key signature of one sharp (F#) and the tempo marking 'Allegro'. The score is arranged in systems, with each system containing staves for different instruments or groups of instruments. The instruments listed on the left are: Picc., Fl., I. II., Ob., III., Cl. picc., Cl., Fag., C. fag., Cor., Tr. ho., Tr. ni., Tuba, Timp., and Archi. The musical notation includes various note values, rests, and dynamic markings such as *f* (forte), *cresc.* (crescendo), *pizz.* (pizzicato), and *arco* (arco). The score is written in a traditional musical notation style, with a key signature of one sharp and a common time signature.

13

Picc.

Fl.

I. II.

Ob.

III.

Cl. picc.

Cl.

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni
e
Tuba

Timp.

13

Arch.

Cor.

Tr-ni
e
Tuba

Archi

Cl.

Cor.

Tr-ni
e
Tuba

Archi

14

p

p espr.

p

p espr.

tenuto

p espr.

p

p

p

p

p

poco rit.

a tempo

Isolo

mf

dim.

p

15

pp

pp

pp

Cl. I *cresc.* *mf'*

Arch. *non cresc.*

16 *non cresc.*

Cl. I *dim.* *p* *cresc.*

Arch. *pp*

17 $\text{♩} = 120$
I solo

Fl. *p*

Cl. I *mf* *p dim.* *pizz.*

Arch. *pizz.* *p* *pizz.* *p* *pizz.* *p* *pizz.* *p*

Fl. I

V-ni I

V-ni II

V-lo

18

Fl. I

V-ni I

V-ni II

V-lo

19

Fl. I

V-ni I

V-ni II

V-lo

20

Fl. I

div. $\flat$ $\sharp$ $\flat$ $\sharp$

unis. arco

Archi

arco

p

arco

p

arco

p

arco

p

arco

p

Archi

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

cresc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. ploc.

Cl.

Fag.

f espr.

f espr.

f espr.

f espr.

f espr.

f espr.

Cor.

Archi

pizz.

arco

f

pizz.

f

f

f

f

22 a2

Cl.

Fag.

Cor.

Archi

f espr.

a2

f espr.

espr.

espr.

f espr.

f espr.

(a2)

Cl.

Fag.

Cor.

Archi

dim.

dim.

dim.

dim.

dim.

Fag. 23

Archi

Cl. 24
Isolo

Archi

Cl. I 26

Archi

Fag. *fespr.*
 C-fag. *fespr.*
 Archi *cresc.* *fespr.*
cresc. *fespr.*
cresc. *fespr.*
cresc. *div. fespr.*
cresc. *fespr.*

Fl. *fespr.* (I-II) *a2*
 Ob. *fespr.*
 Cl. pice. *fespr.*
 Cl. *a2* *fespr.*
 Fag. (a2)
 C-fag.
 Archi *pizz.*
pizz.
pizz.
pizz.
 unio. *pizz.*

8

Fl. *a2*

Ob. *a2*

Cl. picc. *a2*

Cl. *a2*

Fag. *a2*

C-fag. *a2*

Archl

27 arco

Archl

mf arco *dim.* *p*

mf arco *dim.* *p*

mf arco *espr. dim.* *p*

mf arco *dim.* *p*

mf arco *dim.* *p*

28

Archl

pizz. *p*

pizz. *p*

pizz. *p*

pizz. *p*

pizz. *p*

29 $\text{♩} = 106$ solo

Fag. I

Fag. II

C-fag.

Timp.

Arch.

crac.

pp subito arco

pp arco

pp arco

pp arco

pp arco

pp

30

C1.

Fag. I

Fag. II

C-fag.

Timp.

a2

pp

pp

p

p

M. 24447 П

31

Cl. *a2* *cresc.* *mf* *p cresc.*

I *cresc.* *mf* *p cresc.*

II *cresc.* *mf* *p cresc.*

C-fag. *cresc.* *mf* *p cresc.*

32

Ob. I, II *a2* *p cresc.*

Cl. pice. *p cresc.*

Cl. *a2* *mf* *f* *dim.* *cresc.*

I *f* *dim.* *cresc.*

II *mf* *dim.* *cresc.*

C-fag. *mf* *dim.* *cresc.*

Cor. *p* *cresc.* *III* *p cresc.*

Ob. I, II *(a2)* *f* *a2* *f espr.*

Cl. pice. *f* *a2* *f espr.*

Fag. *f* *a2* *f espr.*

C-fag. *f* *a2* *f espr.*

Cor. *mf* *mf* *mf espr.*

88

Picc. *f espr.*

Fl. *f espr.* a2

Ob. *f espr.* a2

Cl. picc. *f espr.* (a2)

Cl. *f espr.* a2

Fag. *f espr.* a2

C-fag. *f espr.*

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni
e
Tuba

Timp.

93

Archl *f espr.*

34

Picc. *fp cresc.*

Fl. *a2 fp cresc.*

II Ob. *fp cresc.*

III *fp cresc.*

Cl. p. l. c. *a2 fp cresc.*

Cl. *fp cresc.*

Fag. *a2 f a2 ten. espr. ten.*

C. fag. *f cresc. espr.*

Cor. *cresc. f*

Tr. ba *cresc.*

Tr. ni
c
Tuba *mf cresc. ton. f*

Timp. *p cresc. f espr.*

34

Archi *f cresc. div. cresc. tenuto f espr.*

M. 24447 I.

This is a page from a musical score, likely a symphony, showing staves for various instruments. The page is numbered 35 in the top right corner. The instruments listed on the left are:

- Picc.
- Fl.
- III
- Ob.
- III
- Cl. picc.
- Cl.
- Fag.
- C-fag.
- Cor.
- Tr-be
- Tr-ni e Tuba
- Timp.
- Piatti
- Archi

The score includes dynamic markings such as *cresc.* (crescendo) and *p* (piano). Performance instructions include *colla bacch. di Timp.* (colla bacchetta di Timpani) and *espr. ten.* (espressivo tenuto). The notation is in a major key with a 2/4 time signature. The bottom of the page shows the beginning of the next page, numbered 36.

ML 34447 D

This is a page of a musical score, likely for a symphony orchestra. The page is numbered 36 in the top left corner. The score is written in 3/4 time and includes various instruments and their parts. The instruments listed on the left are:

- Picc.
- Fl.
- Ob.
- Cl. picc.
- Cl.
- Fag.
- C-fag.
- Cor.
- Tr-ho
- Tr-ni
- Tuba
- Timp.
- Tam-tam
- Arc.

The score includes various musical notations, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *f* (forte) and *cresc.* (crescendo). There are also markings for *div.* (divisi) and *esp.* (espressivo). The page is numbered 36 in the top left corner and 36 in the bottom left corner.

Picc.
 Fl.
 I. II
 Ob.
 III
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr. bo
 Tr. ni
 Tuba
 Timp.

37
 unis.
 unis.
 unis.
 Archi
 ff *espr.*

38

Picc. *ff espr.* (a2)

Fl. *ff espr.* (a2)

I.II Ob. *ff espr.*

III

Cl. p. loc. *ff espr.*

Cl. *ff espr.*

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor. (a2)

Tr-be

Tr-ni

Tuba

Imp.

39

div. *ff espr.* *ff espr.* *div.* *unis.*

Archi

[illegible]

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony orchestra. The score is written on multiple staves, each labeled with an instrument or section. The instruments listed are:

- Fl. (Flute)
- Ob. (Oboe)
- Cl. plico (Clarinet in C)
- Cl. (Clarinet in B-flat)
- Fag. (Bassoon)
- C-fag. (Contrabassoon)
- Cor. (Horn)
- Tr-be (Trumpet)
- Tr-ni (Trombone)
- Tuba
- Timp. (Timpani)
- Archi (Strings)

The score includes various musical notations, such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The Flute and Oboe parts are marked with "espr" (espressivo) and "a2" (second octave). The Clarinet in C part is marked with "a2" (second octave). The Clarinet in B-flat part is marked with "a2" (second octave). The Bassoon part is marked with "a2" (second octave). The Contrabassoon part is marked with "a2" (second octave). The Horn part is marked with "a2" (second octave). The Trumpet part is marked with "a2" (second octave). The Trombone part is marked with "a2" (second octave). The Tuba part is marked with "a2" (second octave). The Timpani part is marked with "a2" (second octave). The Strings part is marked with "a2" (second octave).

40

Picc. *a2*

Fl. *a2*

I. II Ob. *a2*

III

Cl. picc. *a2*

Cl. *a2*

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni

e Tuba

Timp.

40

Archi *f espr.*
f espr.
unls.
f espr.
f espr.
pizz.
f

This page of a musical score is for a symphony, likely the first movement of a work by a composer like Beethoven, given the instrumentation and style. The score is written for a full orchestra and includes the following parts:

- Picc.** (Piccolo): Flute with piccolo, marked *a2*.
- Fl.** (Flute): Flute, marked *a2*.
- I. II.** (First and Second Oboes): Oboe.
- Ob.** (Oboe): Oboe.
- III.** (Third Oboe): Oboe.
- Cl. picc.** (Piccolo Clarinet): Clarinet with piccolo, marked *a2*.
- Cl.** (Clarinet): Clarinet.
- Fag.** (Bassoon): Bassoon.
- C-fag.** (Contrabassoon): Contrabassoon.
- Cor.** (Horn): Horn, marked *cresc.*
- Tr-be** (Trumpet and Trombone): Trumpet and Trombone, marked *p cresc.*
- Tr-ni** (Trumpet): Trumpet.
- Tuba**: Tuba.
- Timp.** (Timpani): Timpani.
- Archi** (String): String.

The score includes musical notation, dynamics like *cresc.* (crescendo) and *p cresc.* (piano crescendo), and articulation like *arco* (arco). The page is numbered 10 at the bottom right.

This page of a musical score is for a large orchestra. It contains the following staves and parts:

- Fluo.** (Flute): Two staves, each with a key signature of one flat and a time signature of 4/4. The first staff has a dynamic marking of *p* and a *cresc.* marking.
- Fl.** (Flute): One staff, with a key signature of one flat and a time signature of 4/4. It has a dynamic marking of *p* and a *cresc.* marking.
- I, II** (Oboe): Two staves, each with a key signature of one flat and a time signature of 4/4. They have a dynamic marking of *p* and a *cresc.* marking.
- Ob.** (Oboe): One staff, with a key signature of one flat and a time signature of 4/4. It has a dynamic marking of *p* and a *cresc.* marking.
- III** (Clarinet): One staff, with a key signature of one flat and a time signature of 4/4. It has a dynamic marking of *p* and a *cresc.* marking.
- Cl. pice.** (Clarinet): One staff, with a key signature of one flat and a time signature of 4/4. It has a dynamic marking of *p* and a *cresc.* marking.
- Cl.** (Clarinet): One staff, with a key signature of one flat and a time signature of 4/4. It has a dynamic marking of *p* and a *cresc.* marking.
- Fag.** (Bassoon): One staff, with a key signature of one flat and a time signature of 4/4. It has a dynamic marking of *p* and a *cresc.* marking.
- C-fag.** (Bassoon): One staff, with a key signature of one flat and a time signature of 4/4. It has a dynamic marking of *p* and a *cresc.* marking.
- Cor.** (Cor): Two staves, each with a key signature of one flat and a time signature of 4/4. They have a dynamic marking of *p* and a *cresc.* marking.
- Tr-be** (Trumpet): Two staves, each with a key signature of one flat and a time signature of 4/4. They have a dynamic marking of *p* and a *cresc.* marking.
- Tr-ni e Tuba** (Trombone and Tuba): Two staves, each with a key signature of one flat and a time signature of 4/4. They have a dynamic marking of *p* and a *cresc.* marking.
- Timp.** (Timpani): One staff, with a key signature of one flat and a time signature of 4/4. It has a dynamic marking of *p* and a *cresc.* marking.
- Arch.** (String): Four staves, each with a key signature of one flat and a time signature of 4/4. They have a dynamic marking of *p* and a *cresc.* marking.

The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *cresc.* and *p*. The page is numbered 8 at the top center.

41

Picc. *ff* *espr.* *tenuto*

Fl. (a2) *ff* *espr.* *tenuto*

I. II *ff* *espr.* *tenuto*

Ob. *ff* *espr.* *tenuto*

III *ff* *espr.* *tenuto*

Cl. picc. *ff* *espr.* *tenuto*

Cl. (a2) *ff* *espr.* *tenuto*

Fag. *ff* *espr.*

C-fag. *ff* *espr.*

Cor. *ff* *espr.* *ff* *espr.*

Tr-be *ff* *espr.*

Tr-ni *ff* *espr.*

e *ff* *espr.*

Tuba *ff* *espr.*

Timp. *ff*

T-ro *ff*

41

Archi *ff* *espr.* *tenuto*

ff *espr.* *tenuto*

ff *espr.* *tenuto*

ff *espr.* *tenuto*

ff *espr.* *tenuto*

Pico.
 Fl.
 I, II
 Ob.
 III
 Cl. pice.
 Cl.
 Pag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-ba
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 T-ro
 Archl.

The score is written for a full orchestra. The woodwind section includes Piccolo, Flute (I and II), Oboe (I and II), Clarinet in E-flat (Piccolo and Clarinet), Bassoon, and Cor Anglais. The brass section includes Trumpet in B-flat, Trombone in B-flat, Trumpet in D, and Tuba. The percussion section includes Timpani and Tom-toms. The string section (Archl.) is represented by five staves. The score is in 4/4 time and features a variety of musical notations, including dynamics (ff, f, mf), articulation (accents, staccato), and phrasing (slurs, breath marks). The key signature has one flat (B-flat).

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony orchestra. The page is divided into two systems of staves. The top system includes staves for Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fag.), Horn (Cor.), Trumpet (Tr-be), Trombone (Tr-ni), Tuba, and Timpani (Timp.). The bottom system includes staves for Violin (Vcl.), Viola (Vcl.), Cello (Vcl.), and Double Bass (Vcl.). The score is written in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. It features various musical notations, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as "cresc." (crescendo). The page is numbered "42" in the top left corner.

М. 24447 Г.

This page of a musical score, likely from a 19th-century symphony, contains the following staves and parts:

- Fl.** (Flute): Part 1, marked with a first ending bracket (8.) and a second ending bracket (a2).
- I. II** (Oboe): Part 1, marked with a first ending bracket (8.) and a second ending bracket (a2).
- Ob.** (Oboe): Part 2, marked with a first ending bracket (8.) and a second ending bracket (a2).
- Cl. pice.** (Clarinet in E-flat): Part 1, marked with a first ending bracket (8.) and a second ending bracket (a2).
- Cl.** (Clarinet in B-flat): Part 1, marked with a first ending bracket (8.) and a second ending bracket (a2).
- Fag.** (Bassoon): Part 1, marked with a first ending bracket (8.) and a second ending bracket (a2).
- C-fag.** (Contrabassoon): Part 1, marked with a first ending bracket (8.) and a second ending bracket (a2).
- Cor.** (Horn): Part 1, marked with a first ending bracket (8.) and a second ending bracket (a2).
- Tr-be** (Trumpet): Part 1, marked with a first ending bracket (8.) and a second ending bracket (a2).
- Tr-ni** (Trumpet): Part 2, marked with a first ending bracket (8.) and a second ending bracket (a2).
- Tuba** (Tuba): Part 1, marked with a first ending bracket (8.) and a second ending bracket (a2).
- Timp.** (Timpani): Part 1, marked with a first ending bracket (8.) and a second ending bracket (a2).
- T-ro** (Trombone): Part 1, marked with a first ending bracket (8.) and a second ending bracket (a2).
- Archi** (Archi): Part 1, marked with a first ending bracket (8.) and a second ending bracket (a2).

The score is written in 4/4 time and features a variety of musical notations including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The page is numbered 43 in the top right corner.

Fl.Ob.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. b

Cl. b

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr. b

Tr. a

Tuba

Timp.

T-ro

V.

V.

C.

B.

M. 24447 L.

This page of a musical score, numbered 44, contains staves for the following instruments:

- Flutes (Fl.):** Two staves, both marked with a first octave transposition (a2).
- Oboes (Ob.):** Two staves, both marked with a first octave transposition (a2).
- Clarinets (Cl.):** Two staves, both marked with a first octave transposition (a2).
- Bassoons (Fag.):** Two staves.
- Cor Anglais (Cor.):** One staff.
- Trumpets (Tr.):** Three staves, labeled Tr-1, Tr-2, and Tr-3.
- Trombones (Tbn.):** Three staves, labeled Tbn-1, Tbn-2, and Tbn-3.
- Tuba (Tuba):** One staff.
- Timpani (Timp.):** One staff.
- Tam-tam (Tam-tam):** One staff.
- Strings (Archi):** Four staves (Violins I, Violins II, Violas, and Cellos/Double Basses).

The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings including *ff* (fortissimo), *cresc.* (crescendo), and *espr.* (espressivo). The page is numbered 44 in the top right corner.

ML 24447 Г.

46

Picc. *fff*

Fl. *fff* *a. 2.*

I. II. *fff* *a. 2.*

Ob. *fff*

III. *fff*

Cl. ploc. *fff*

Cl. *fff* *a. 2.*

Fag. *fff*

C. fag. *fff*

Cor. *fff* *a. 2.* *ff espr.*

Tr. be. *fff* *ff*

Tr. ni. *fff*

c. *fff*

Tuba *fff*

Timp. *fff*

Piatii *fff*

Tam-tam *fff*

46

Archi *fff*

fff

DL 24447 E

Picc.
 Fl.
 I. II.
 Ob.
 III.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-b.
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 Archi

a2
 (a2)
 unis.

48

Picc. *f*

Fl. *f*

Ob. *f*

Cl. picc. *f*

Cl. *f*

Fag. *f*

C-fag. *f*

Cor. *f*

Tr-bo

Tr ni

e

Tuba

49

Archi

div.

unis

49

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. picc.

Cl.

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-bo

Tr-ni
e

Tuba

49

Archl

Flac. *ff espr.* *a2*
 Fl. *ff espr.*
 Ob. *ff* *a2*
 Cl. picc. *ff espr.*
 Cl. *ff espr.*
 Fas. *a2* *cresc.*
 C-fag. *cresc.*
 Cor. *pp.* *a2* *cresc.*
 Tr-be *cresc.*
 Tr-ni *cresc.*
 e *cresc.*
 Tuba *cresc.*
 Archi *unis.* *div.* *cresc.*

51

Picc. *espr.*

Fl. *a2*

Ob. *a2*

Cl. picc.

Cl. *a2*

Fag. *a2*

C-fag. *ff*

Cor. *a2* *ff espr.* *tenuto*

Tr-be *ff* *ff espr.*

Tr-ni *ff*

e *ff*

Tuba *ff*

Timp. *ff*

51

Archi *ff* *unls.* *ff espr.*

52

Picc. (a2)

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. picc.

Cl. (a2)

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-ba

Tr-ni

e

Tuba

52

div.

b2

div.

b2

div.

b2

div.

b2

div.

b2

div.

b2

div.

b2

div.

b2

div.

b2

div.

b2

div.

b2

div.

b2

div.

b2

Archi

M. 24447 Г.

54

C-fag. *p*

Tr-ni *p*

e

Tuba *p*

Archi

mf dim.

pizz. *p*

pizz. *p*

pizz. *p*

55

56 I

Cl. *mf*

Fag. *fespr.*

C-fag. *p*

Tr-ni *p*

e

Tuba *p*

Archi

mf

mf

Cl. I *dim.* *p* *rit.* *dim.*

Cl. II *p* *dim.*

57 a tempo

Cl. *pizz.* *pp*

Archi *pp* *pizz.* *pp* *pizz.* *pp* *pizz.* *pp*

Cl. *p* *pp*

Archi *p* *pp* *p* *pp* *p* *pp*

58

Cl. *p* *pp* *cresc.* *p*

Archi *p* *pp* *p* *pp* *p* *pp* *p* *pp*

Cl. 59

mf dim. *p dim.*

Archi

p dim. *arco* *pp*

p dim. *arco* *pp*

p dim. *arco* *pp*

arco *pp*

arco *pp*

Archi

cresc. *mf* *pizz.* *arco* *mf* *pizz.*

mf *f*

mf *f*

Archi

pizz. *arco* *f* *mf* *dim.*

arco *f* *mf* *dim.*

f *mf* *dim.*

dim.

Cl. I *I solo*

Archi *pizz.* *p* *pp* *p*

pizz. *p* *pp* *p*

pizz. *p* *pp* *p*

pizz. *p* *pp* *p*

Fl. *I solo* *mf* *cresc.*

Cl. I *cresc.*

Archi *p*

61

I *f espr.*

II *f espr.*

I *f espr.*

Ob. *f espr.*

II *f espr.*

Cl. picc. *f espr.*

I *f espr.*

Cl. *f espr.*

II *f espr.*

62

Fl. I *dim.* muta in Fl. piccolo II

Ob. I

Ob. II

Cl. piccolo *dim.* muta in Cl. III in A

Cl. I

Cl. II

Archi

con sord. pizz. *mf*

con sord. pizz. *mf*

con sord. pizz. *mf*

con sord. pizz. *mf*

con sord. *mf*

sul G arco *f espr.* arco *ff*

arco *mf*

arco *mf*

arco *f*

con sord. arco *mf*

mf *f*

Cl. I *f* *p*

Archi

pizz. *dim.* *mf* *dim.* *p*

pizz. *dim.* *mf* *dim.* *p*

pizz. *dim.* *mf* *dim.* *p*

pizz. *dim.* *mf* *dim.* *p*

pizz. *dim.* *mf* *dim.* *p*

63

Archl.

dim.

p

div.

non div.

64

Archl.

cresc.

pp

sub.

div.

cresc.

arco

f

p

cresc.

arco

cresc.

f

65

I. II

Ob.

III

I. II

Cl.

III

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Timp.

pp *< p* *pp* *< p* *pp*

dim.

pp

Ob.

Cl.

Cl. III muta in Cl. piccolo in Es.

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Timp.

Archi

arco

p

unis.

p

66

Archi

67

Archi

Archi

div. 68

I Fl. picc.

II

Timp.

69

Archi

70

non cresco.
muta in Fl. II grande

Fl. picc.

Fl. II

Timp.

pp

The image shows a page from a musical score for the piece 'Arohi' by Dmitri Shostakovich. The score is written for a vocal part and a string quartet. The vocal line is in G major (one sharp) and 4/4 time. The string quartet consists of Violin I, Violin II, Viola, and Cello/Double Bass. The score includes dynamics such as *pp* (pianissimo) and *unis.* (unison). The vocal line features a melodic phrase that is repeated with variations. The string quartet provides harmonic support with sustained notes and moving lines. The page is numbered 12 in the top right corner.

Picc. I *morendo*
Timp. *morendo*

Arch.

71 Allegro $\text{♩} = 176$

Piccolo

2 Flauti

I. II

3 Oboi

III

Clarinetto piccolo (Es)

2 Clarinetti (B)

2 Fagotti

Contrafagotto

I. II

4 Corni (F)

III. IV

I. II

3 Trombe (B)

III

3 Tromboni e Tuba

Timpani

Triangolo

Tamburo

Piatti

Cassa

Silofono

71 Allegro $\text{♩} = 176$

arco senza sord.

Violini I

arco senza sord.

Violini II

arco senza sord.

Viole

arco senza sord.

Violoncelli

arco senza sord.

Contrabassi

(a2)

Ob.

Cl. picc.

Cl.

(a2)

Archi

(a2)

Ob.

Cl. picc.

Cl.

(a2)

Archi

72

Flac.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. ploc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-he
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 T-ro
 Archi

The score is written for a full orchestra. The woodwind section includes Flauto (Flac.), Flauto (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet in C (Cl. ploc.), Clarinet in Bb (Cl.), Bassoon (Fag.), and Contrabassoon (C-fag.). The brass section includes Cor Anglais (Cor.), Trumpet in E-flat (Tr-he), Trumpet in Bb (Tr-ni), and Tuba. The percussion section includes Timpani (Timp.) and Trombones (T-ro). The string section (Archi) is represented by five staves. The score is in 2/4 time and features a key signature of three flats (Bb, Eb, Ab). The woodwinds and strings are active throughout the piece, while the brass and percussion are mostly silent.

73

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. picc.

Cl.

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni
e

Tuba

Timp.

T-ro

ff

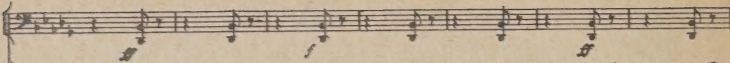
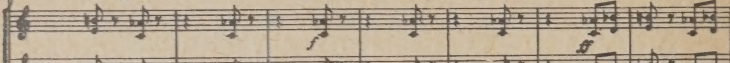
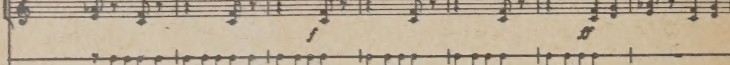
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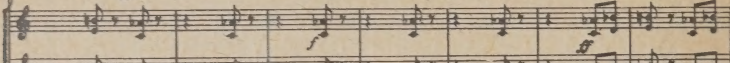
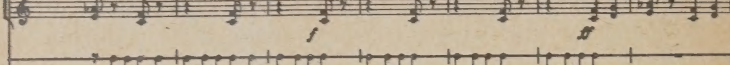
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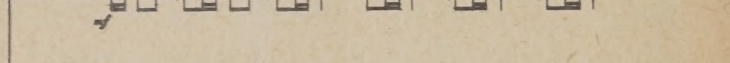
Arch.

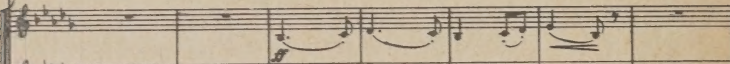
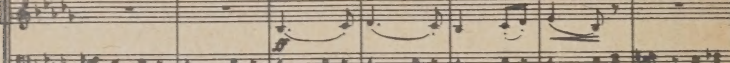
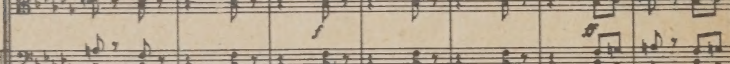
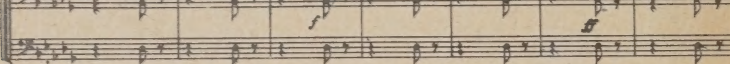
div.

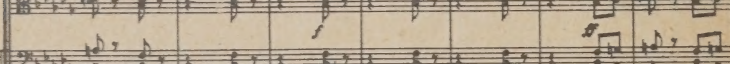
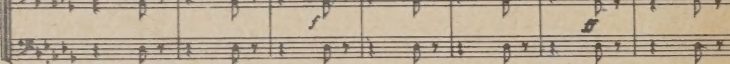
div.

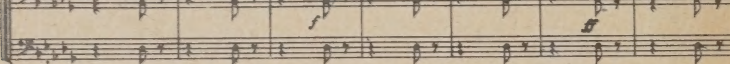
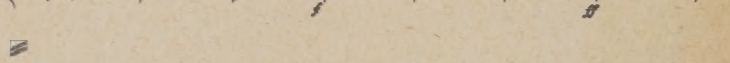
Fag.   

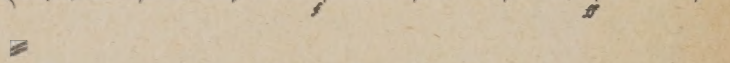
Cor.  

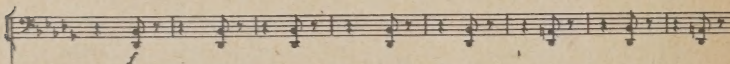
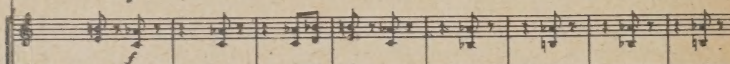
Tro. 

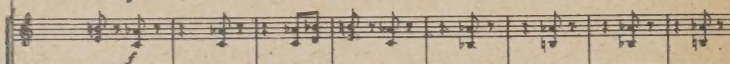
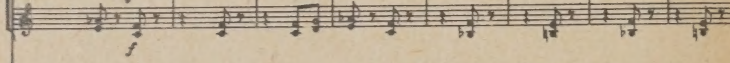
Archi    

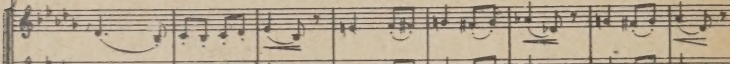
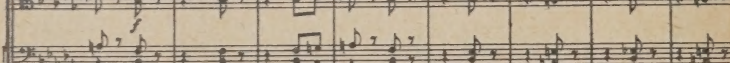
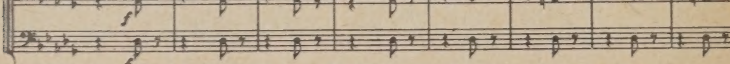
 

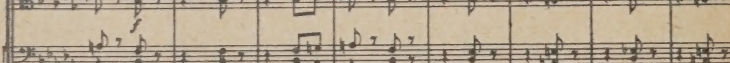
 

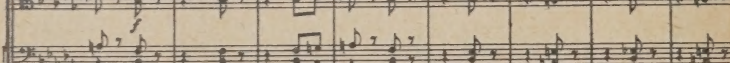
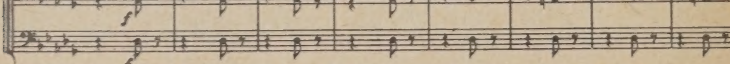


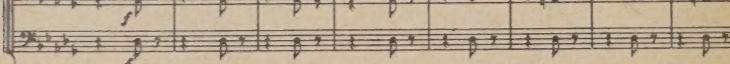
Fag.  

Cor.  

Archi    



74

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. picc.

Cl.

Fag.

G. fag.

Cor.

Tr-bc

Tr-nl
e

Tuba

Timp.

T-ro

74

Archl

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 T-ro
 Archi

a2
 a2
 a2
 a2
 unis.
 unis.

75

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. picc.

Cl.

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni

e

Tuba

Timp.

T-ro

Archi

div.

div.

div.

solo

75

13

Picc. $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$
 Fl. $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$
 Ob. $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$
 Cl. picc. $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$
 Cl. $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$
 Fag. $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$
 C-fag. $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$
 Cor. $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$
 Tr-be $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$
 Timp. $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$
 T-ro $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$
 Sil. $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$
 Archi $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$
 unis. $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$
 M. 24447 I.

76 75

Picc. Fl. Ob. Cl. picc. Cl. Fag. C-fag. Cor. Tr-be Tr-ni e Tuba Timp. T-ro Sll. Archi

(a2)

III

M. 24447 Г.

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 Sil.
 Archi

a2
a2
a2
a2
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
cresc.
f
div.
div.
unis.
non div. ad libitum
non div. ad libitum
non div. ad libitum
non div. ad libitum

Pico. *(a2)*
 Fl. *(a2)*
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl. *(a2)*
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr.-be
 Tr.-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 T-ro
 Sil.
 Archi

77 *div.*
 77 *div.*
 77 *div.*

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[illegible]

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 T-ro
 Platti

(a2)
 soli
 ord.

8
 75
 non div.
 div. 8
 non div.
 div.
 non div.
 div.

Archi

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. p. ec.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C. fag.
 Cor.
 Tr. b.
 Tr. ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 T. ro
 Piatli
 Archi

non div.
 non div.
 non div.
 div.
 div.
 div.

81

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. picc.

Cl.

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni
e

Tuba

Timp.

T-ro

Piatti

Cassa

Arch.

non div.

div.

cresc.

colla bacch. di Timp.

p cresc.

cresc.

79

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni
e

Tuba

Timp.

Cassa

Measure 79: All instruments have a whole rest.

Measure 80: All instruments have a whole rest.

Measure 81: All instruments have a whole rest.

Measure 82: All instruments have a whole rest.

Measure 83: Cor., Tr-be, Tr-ni e, and Tuba have a half note G4. Timp. and Cassa have a half note F#4.

79

unis.

ff unis.

ff unis.

Archi

ff

ff

18

Arch.

80

Cor.

Tr-bu

Tr-ni
e

Tuba

Timp.

80

Archi

Archi

81

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. pice.

Cl.

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni

Tuba

Timp.

81

Archi

Pico.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. pice.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 C-bassi

Pico.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. pice.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.

Archi

Archi

Archi

Archi

84

Picc. *ff*

Fl. *ff*

Ob. *ff*

Cl. picc. *ff*

Cl. *ff*

Fag. *ff*

C-fag. *ff*

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni
e

Tuba

Timp.

84

Arch. *div.*

div.

plac.

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 Tuba
 Timp.
 Archi

(a2)
 (a2)
 (a2)
 mf

Picc. *a2* *8*
 Fl. *a2* *8*
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl. *a2*
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-ba
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 Archi. *8* *unis.*

This page of a musical score is for a symphony, featuring a variety of instruments. The instruments listed on the left are Piccolo (Picc.), Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet in C (Cl. picc.), Clarinet in Bb (Cl.), Bassoon (Fag.), Contrabassoon (C-fag.), Cor Anglais (Cor.), Trumpet (Tr-be), Trombone (Tr-ni e Tuba), Timpani (Timp.), Snare Drum (T-ro), Cymbals (Platti), and Cassa (Cassa). The score is written in 4/4 time and includes dynamic markings such as 'cresc.' (crescendo) and 'a2' (second ending). The music is arranged in a standard orchestral format, with the woodwinds and strings in the upper staves and the percussion in the lower staves. The score is written in a single system, with the instruments grouped together. The music is written in a single system, with the instruments grouped together. The music is written in a single system, with the instruments grouped together.

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 T-ro
 Platti
 Cassa
 Archi

The musical score is arranged in three systems. The first system includes Piccolo, Flute, Oboe, Clarinet in Piccolo, Clarinet, Bassoon, and Contrabassoon. The second system includes Cor Anglais, Trumpet in B-flat, Trumpet in C, Trombone, and Tuba. The third system includes Timpani, Snare Drum, Cymbals, and Strings. The woodwinds and strings play complex melodic and harmonic lines, while the brass and percussion provide rhythmic support. The score is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a common time signature.

М. 24447 Г.

Pico. *(f)*
 Fl. *a2 (f)*
 Ob. *(f)*
 Cl. picc. *(f)*
 Cl. *(f)*
 Fag. *Foroso.*
 C-fag. *Foroso.*
 Cor. *Foroso.*
 Tr-be *Foroso.*
 Tr-ni *Foroso.*
 e *Foroso.*
 Tuba *Foroso.*
 Timp. *Foroso.*
 T-ro
 Archi *(f)*
Foroso.

The musical score is arranged in a standard orchestral format. The woodwinds (Piccolo, Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon, Contrabassoon) and brass (Horn, Trumpet, Trombone, Tuba) sections are in the upper half, while the percussion (Timpani, Snare Drum) and strings are in the lower half. The strings are divided into Violins (top two staves) and Cellos/Double Basses (bottom two staves). The score features a variety of note values, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. Dynamic markings such as *f* (forte) and *Foroso.* (likely a misspelling of *Foroso* or *Foroso*) are used throughout. A rehearsal mark *a2* is present in the Flute part. The key signature has one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4.

M. 24447 T.

[illegible]

Flac.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl-picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tube
 Timp.
 Archi

Musical score for page 98, measures 1-8. The score includes parts for Flac., Fl., Ob., Cl-picc., Cl., Fag., C-fag., Cor., Tr-be, Tr-ni e, Tube, Timp., and Archi. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The time signature is 4/4. The Flac. part is mostly rests. The Fl. part has a melodic line with slurs. The Ob. part has a melodic line with slurs. The Cl-picc. and Cl. parts have similar melodic lines. The Fag. and C-fag. parts have a low, sustained line with some movement. The Cor. and Tr-be parts have a sustained line with some movement. The Tr-ni e and Tube parts have a sustained line with some movement. The Timp. part has a sustained line with some movement. The Archi part has a sustained line with some movement.

This page of a musical score is for a symphony orchestra. It contains the following parts and staves:

- Picc.** (Piccolo): Flute part, starting with a key signature change to three flats.
- Fl.** (Flute): Main flute part, also in three flats.
- Ob.** (Oboe): Oboe part, in three flats.
- Cl. picc.** (Clarinet piccolo): Clarinet piccolo part, in three flats.
- Cl.** (Clarinet): Clarinet part, in three flats.
- Fag.** (Bassoon): Bassoon part, in three flats.
- C-fag.** (Contrabassoon): Contrabassoon part, in three flats.
- Cor.** (Cor Anglais): Two staves for the Cor Anglais part, in three flats.
- Tr-be** (Trumpet and Trombone): Two staves for the Trumpet and Trombone parts, in three flats.
- Tr-ni e** (Trumpet and Trombone): Two staves for the Trumpet and Trombone parts, in three flats.
- Tuba**: Tuba part, in three flats.
- Timp.** (Timpani): Timpani part, in three flats.
- Archi** (Strings): Four staves for the String section, in three flats.

The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The key signature is three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The time signature is 4/4. The score is written for a full symphony orchestra, including woodwinds, brass, and strings.

89

Flac.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. picc.

Cl.

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni
o
Tuba

Timp.

89

Arch.

M. 24447 T.

90

Picc. *ff espr.*

Fl. *ff espr.*

Ob. *ff espr.*

Cl. picc. *ff espr.*

Cl. *ff espr.*

Fag. *ff espr.*

C-fag.

Cor. *ff espr.*

Tr-be *ff espr.*

Tr-ni
e
Tuba

Timp.

90

Arch. *sul G*

sul G

91

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. pica.

Cl.

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni
e
Tuba

Timp.

mf *f*

91

Archi

Handwritten musical score for "L'Espresso" by Maurice Strakosky. The score is for a full orchestra and includes parts for Flute, Oboe, Clarinet, Bassoon, Cor, Trumpet, Trombone, Tuba, Timpani, and Strings. The music is in 3/4 time and features a variety of instruments playing in harmony. The score is written on multiple staves, with some instruments having multiple parts. The notation includes notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as "p" (piano) and "f" (forte). The score is a page from a larger manuscript, with the title "L'Espresso" and the composer's name "Maurice Strakosky" visible at the top.

92

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. picc.

Cl.

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni
e

Tuba

Timp

92

Archi

M. 24447 I.

[illegible]

Flco.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. vico.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 Tuba
 Timp.
 T-ro
 Archi

a2
 div.
 p

94
 94

Archi

cresc. cresc. cresc. cresc. f div. f div. f

Archi

95

p p p p

Archi

p p p p

96

F1. *a2* *p*

Cl. *a2* *p*

Arohi *unis.* *pp*

pp *unis.*

pp *unis.*

pp

F1. *(a2)* *cresc.*

Ob. *I* *p cresc.* *a2* *mp cresc.*

Cl. *(a2)*

Arohi

97

Flac.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. picc.

Cl.

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni
e
Tuba

Timp.

(a2)

mf cresc.

mf cresc.

p cresc.

p cresc.

97

Archl

p cresc.

p cresc.

p cresc.

p cresc.

p cresc.

98

Picc. *p ovato.*

Fl. *a2*

Ob. *a2*

Cl. picc. *a2*

Cl. *a2*

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni
e
Tuba

Timp.

T-ro *solo*

98

Arch. *pizz.*

f

Flco.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. ploc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 o
 Tuba
 Timp.
 T-ro
 Archi

a2
 8-
 8-
 a2
 b
 a2
 ff
 espr.
 ff
 espr.
 ff
 espr.
 ff
 arco
 arco
 arco
 arco
 arco

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 E-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 Triang.
 T-ro
 Piatte
 Archi

8.
 a2
 a2
 a2
 a2
 solo
 div.
 non div.
 non div.

99

113

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. p. loc.

Cl.

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni
c
Tuba

Timp.

Triang.

T-ro

Platti

Archi

ML 24447 R

III

115

100 Allegretto $\text{♩} = 138$

Piccolo

2 Flauti

3 Oboi

I. II

3 Clarinetti (B)

III

I. II

3 Fagotti

III

I. II

4 Corni (F)

III. IV

I. II

3 Trombe (B)

III

3 Tromboni
e
Tuba

Timpani

Triangolo

Tamburino

Tamburo

Piatti

Cassa

Tam-tam

100 Allegretto $\text{♩} = 138$

Violini I

Violini II

Viola

Violoncelli

Contrabassi

Archi

101

Archi

p dolce

102

Archl

aspr. cresc.

aspr. cresc.

aspr. cresc.

aspr. cresc.

103

Archi

mf *dim.* *p*

mf *dim.* *p*

mf *dim.* *p*

mf *dim.* *p*

Archi

104

Picc.

Fl. I

Ob.

II, III

Cl. I

II

Fag.

III

Timp.

Tr-lo

coperti

mp

mf

104

Archi

Violin I

Violin II

Viola

Cello

Double Bass

Picc.
 Fl. I
 I
 Ob.
 II, III
 I, II
 Cl.
 III
 I, II
 Fag.
 III
 Timp.
 Tr-lo

Picc.
 Fl. I
 I
 Ob.
 II, III
 I, II
 Cl.
 III
 I, II
 Fag.
 III
 Timp.
 Tr-lo

106

Picc.

Fl. I

I

Ob.

II, III

I, II

Cl.

III

I, II

Fag.

III

Timp.

Tr-lo

a2

muta in Corno inglese

muta in C-fagotto

106

div.

f

Arch.

Arch.

espr.

espr.

espr.

espr.

espr.

107

Archi

108 solo

Fl. I

Cl. III

Archi

dim. *p* *pp* *pp* *pp* *pp*

109

Fl. I

Cl. III

dim. *dim.*

110

Fl. I

Cl. III

V-ni I

V-la

V-c.

C-b.

dim. *unis.* *p dolce* *p* *p* *p*

Archi

Fag. I

111 solo

pdolce

Tro

Piatti

Cassa

Archi

pizz.

pizz.

ppizz.

pizz.

pizz.

Fag. I

Tro

Piatti

Cassa

Archi

112

Fag. I

T-ro

Plattl

Cassa

112

Archl

113

Fag. I

V-o.

C-b.

arco

pp

arco

pp

cresc. poco a poco

cresc. poco a poco

114

Cor. I

V-o.

C-b.

solo

f espr.

ff

ff

Largo $\text{♩} = 72$

Picc. *pp*

Fl. I *pp*

Cor I.

Largo $\text{♩} = 72$ *en harm.*

Archl *pp*

pp poco espr.

Picc

Fl. I

Archl

118 $\text{♩} = 96$

119

Cor. I *solo* *p*

Arch. I *pizz.* *pizz.* *pizz.* *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Arch. II *pizz.* *pizz.* *pizz.* *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Arch. III *div. pizz.* *pizz.* *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Arch. IV *pizz.* *pizz.* *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Arch. V *pizz.* *pizz.* *cresc.* *f* *dim.*

Cor. I *p*

Arch. I *p* *cresc.* *f* *p subito*

Arch. II *p* *cresc.* *f* *p subito*

Arch. III *p* *cresc.* *f* *p subito*

Arch. IV *p* *cresc.* *f* *p subito*

Arch. V *p* *cresc.* *f* *p subito*

120

Cor. I *p*

Tam-tam *p*

Arch. I *p* *pp*

Arch. II *p* *pp*

Arch. III *p* *pp*

Arch. IV *unis.* *p* *pp*

Arch. V *p* *pp*

121 solo

Cingl. *p semplice*

Tam-tam *p*

Archl. *mp* *p* *pp*

Archl. *mp* *p* *pp*

Archl. *mp* *p* *pp*

Archl. *mp* *p* *pp*

Archl. *mp* *p* *pp*

122 J. 138 (Tempo primo)

Cingl. *p semplice*

Fag. *p*

C-fag. *p*

Tam-tam

122 J. 138 (Tempo primo)

Archl.

123

Ob. I *pp*

Cingl.

Fag.

C-fag.

Ob. I 124

C. ingl. *espr* *cresc.* *mf*

Fag.

C-fag.

V-le 124 *arco*

V-co. *p* *arco*

C-b. *p* *arco*

Ob. 125 *I solo*

C. ingl. *cresc.* *f* *p*

V-le *p*

V-co. *p* *pizz.*

C-b. *p*

Ob. I 126

C. ingl. *p* *pp*

Fag. *p*

C-fag. *p*

V-le

V-co. *arco*

C-b.

M. 24447 Г.

Tr-be

Tr-ni
e
Tuba

T-no
Piatti
Cassa

Archl

Tr-be

Tr-ni
e
Tuba

T-no
Piatti
Cassa

128

Archl

128

Tr-be

Tr-ni
e
Tuba

T-no
Piatti
Cassa

Archi

Tr-be

Tr-ni
e
Tuba

T-no
Piatti
Cassa

Archi

129

Archi

Archi section, measures 129-130. The score is for a string ensemble. Measure 129 starts with a forte (*ff*) dynamic. The music features a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. Measure 130 continues the pattern with some melodic variation in the upper strings.

Archi

Archi section, measures 131-132. The music continues with a similar rhythmic texture. Measure 131 shows some melodic movement in the upper strings, while the lower strings maintain a steady rhythmic accompaniment.

130

Ficc.

Woodwind section, measures 130-131. The section includes Flute (Ficc.), Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet in E-flat (Cl. picc.), Clarinet (Cl.), and Bassoon (Fag.). Measure 130 starts with a forte (*ff*) dynamic. The woodwinds play a melodic line with some chromaticism. Measure 131 continues the melodic development.

130

Archi

Archi section, measures 132-133. The music continues with a similar rhythmic texture. Measure 132 shows some melodic movement in the upper strings, while the lower strings maintain a steady rhythmic accompaniment.

Fl. Picc. *a2*
 Fl. *a2*
 Ob. *a2*
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag. *a2*

Archl

131 accelerando

Fl. Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Tr. ni

131 accelerando

Archl

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-ba.
 Tr-ni.
 e.
 Tuba.
 Timp.
 Archl.

The score is for a full orchestra. The woodwind section includes Piccolo, Flute (with a first octave '8' and a second octave 'a2'), Oboe, Piccolo Clarinet (with a second octave 'a2'), Clarinet, Bassoon, and Contrabassoon. The brass section includes Cor Anglais, Trumpet (B-flat), Trombone (B-flat), Trumpet (C), Euphonium, and Tuba. The percussion section includes Timpani. The string section (Archl.) consists of Violins I and II, Viola, Violoncello, and Double Bass. The key signature has two flats (B-flat and E-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The score spans six measures.

132 Più mosso $\text{♩} = 80$

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 Tr-lo
 Piatti

132 Più mosso $\text{♩} = 80$

Archi

unis.
ff espr.
ff espr.
ff espr.
ff espr.

133

Flco. (a2) *sf*
 Fl. (a2) *sf*
 Ob. *sf*
 Cl. ploc. *sf*
 Cl. (a2) *sf*
 Fag. (a2) *sf*
 C-fag. *sf*
 Cor.
 Tr-ba *sf*
 Tr-ni *sf*
 Tuba *sf*
 Timp. *ord.*
 Tr-lo *sf*
 T-ro *sf*
 Archi. *piu ff* *sf*

Picc. *a2*
 Fl. *a2*
 Ob.
 Clpico.
 Cl. *a2*
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-bo
 Tr-nl
 Tuba
 Timp.
 T ro
 Archi

Musical score for page 136, measures 134-136. The score includes parts for Piccolo, Flute, Oboe, Clarinet in C, Bassoon, Contrabassoon, Cor Anglais, Trumpet in B-flat, Trumpet in A, Tuba, Timpani, Trombone, and Archi. Measures 134 and 135 are marked with a box containing the number 134. The music is in 2/4 time and features various woodwind and brass instruments playing rhythmic patterns, with some parts marked 'a2' and 'f'.

135

Picc. *f*
 Fl. *f* (a 2)
 Ob. *f* (a 2)
 Cl. picc. *f*
 Cl. *f* (a 2)
 Fag. *f*
 C-fag. *f*
 Cor. *f* a 2
 Tr-bo *f*
 Tr-ni *f*
 e *f*
 Tuba *f*
 Timp. *f*
 T-ro *f*
 Archi *f*

DSCH

135

136

Picc. *a2* *a2*

Fl. *a2* *a2*

Ob. *a2* *a2*

Cipico *a2* *a2*

Cl. *a2* *a2*

Fag. *a2* *a2*

C-fag. *a2* *a2*

Cor. *a2* *a2*

Tr-be

Tr-ni

Tuba

Timp.

T-ro

136

Archi

137

Picc. *a2*

Fl. *a2*

Ob. *a2*

Cl. picc. *a2*

Cl. *a2* Cl. III muta in A

Fag. *ff* *dim.* *poco*

C-fag. *ff* *dim.* *poco*

Cor. *ff* *dim.* *poco*

Tr-be *ff* *dim.* *poco*

Tr-ni *ff* *dim.* *poco*

Tuba *ff* *dim.* *poco*

Timp. *ff* *dim.* *poco*

T-ro *f pesante dim.* *poco*

137

Arch. *ff*

[illegible]

138

Picc. Fl. Ob. Cl. Fag. C-fag.

(II)

Cor. Tr-be Tr-ni e Tuba Timp.

pp *a2* *p* *p pesante*

138

Arch.

p

[illegible]

140

Cor. *p*

Tuba *p*

Timp.

Cassa *p*

V-no solo *p*

Archi *mf*

141

Timp.

Cassa *p*

Tam-tam

V-no solo *p*

Archi *p*

Timp.
 Cassa
 Tam-tam

Vno solo
espr.
p

Archi
 arco
pp
 arco
pp
 arco
pp
 arco
pp
 pizz.
mf
 pizz.
mf
 pizz.
p

Cor.
 con sord.
 solo
p

Timp.
 Cassa
p

Vno solo

Archi
p

143

Picc.

Fl. I

Ob.

Cl.

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni
e
Tuba

Timp.

Tam-tam

p

143

tutti arco

Archl

p

arco

p

arco

p

arco

p

arco

p

dim.

morendo

dim.

morendo

dim.

morendo

dim.

morendo

dim.

morendo

dim.

morendo

IV

144 Andante $\text{♩} = 126$ 145

Piccolo

2 Flauti

3 Oboi

Clarinetto piccolo (Es)

2 Clarinetti (A)

2 Fagotti

Contrafagotto

4 Corni (F)

3 Trombe (B)

3 Tromboni e Tuba

Timpani

Triangolo

Tamburo

Piatti

Cassa

Tam-tam

Violini I

Violini II

Viole

Violoncelli

Contrabassi

p dolce

Isolo

p

morendo

morendo

Ob. I *cresc.* *f*

V-ni I *p* *non cresc.*

V-ni II *p* *non cresc.*

146

Ob. I *dim.* *p* *f* *p*

Timp. *p*

Arch. *p* *div.* *p*

147

Fl. *p* *cresc.* *f*

Ob. I *cresc.* *f*

Timp. *non cresc.*

Arch. *non cresc.* *non cresc.* *non cresc.* *non cresc.* *non cresc.* *non cresc.*

Picc. 148

Fag. 149

Timp.

p

Isolo

p dolce

Arch.

pizz.

sf

p

p

p

p

Fag. I

cresc.

f

p cresc.

f

Arch.

p

p

p

p

p

Ob. 150 *I solo*

Fag. I *dim.* *p* *cresc.* *f dim.*

Timp. *p*

Archi *arco unis.* *mp* *dim.*

Fl. *I solo* *p* *cresc.* *mf*

Ob. I *pp*

Fag. I *pp*

Timp. *non cresc.*

Archi *pp* *non cresc.*

pp *non cresc.*

pp *non cresc.*

pp *non cresc.*

pp *non cresc.*

pp *non cresc.*

pp *non cresc.*

152 a tempo

Fl. I. *ritenuto*

Cl. I.

Fag. I.

Cor.

Timp.

Archi

pizz.

p

pizz.

p

pizz.

p

pizz.

p

arco p espr.

arco p espr.

arco p espr.

arco p espr.

arco p espr.

p

p

V-nl I
V-nl II
V-le

fp

V-nl I
V-nl II
V-le

fp fp fp fp cresc. cresc. cresc.

V-nl I
V-nl II
V-le
V-o.

mf

div.

Picc.
Fl.
Cl.
V-nl I
V-nl II
V-le
V-o.

f

dim.

unls.

p

dim.

f

dim.

p

dim.

f

dim.

p

156

Fl. co.

Fl. I

Cl. I

Cl. II

p

158

V-nl I

V-nl II

V-le

pp

pp

pp

Fl. co.

Fl. I

Fl. II

Ob.

Cl. I

Cl. II

mf

p

p

mf

mf

p

157

Fl. co.

Fl. I

Fl. II

Ob.

Cl. I

Cl. II

mf

mf

mf

mf

mf

mf

Fl. picc.
Fl. I
Fl. II
Ob.
Cl. I
Cl. II

V-ni I
V-ni II
V-le
V.o.

159

V-ni I
V-ni II
V-le
V.o.

159

V-ni I
V-ni II
V-le
V.o.

div.

V-nl I

V-nl II

V-le

V-o.

C-b.

160

Picc.

Ob.

Cl. picc.

Cl.

Fag.

V-nl I

V-nl II

V-le

V-o.

C-b.

unis. pizz.

mf unis. pizz.

mf pizz.

mf pizz.

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 Cor.
 Tr. bc
 Tr. ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 V-ni I
 V-ni II
 V-le
 V-c.
 C-b

a2
 f
 a2
 f
 a2
 f
 a2
 f
 arco
 mf
 arco
 mf
 arco
 mf

161

Picc. *f*

Fl. *a2* *f*

Ob. *a2* *f*

Cl. pica. *f*

Cl. *a2* *f*

Fag. *a2* *f*

Cor. *f*

Tr-be

Tr-nl

e

Tuba

Timy.

161

Archi

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-b.
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.

I sola
 mf

Archi
 arco
 div.
 unis.

162

Picc. *p*

Fl. I *p*

Cl. I *p*

Cl. II *p*

Tr-ba I *dim.*

V-ni I *dim.* *pp*

V-ni II *dim.* *pp*

Picc.

Fl. I

Cl. I

Cl. II

163

Picc.

Fl. I

Cl. I

Cl. II

Tr-ba I *p*

Flco.
 Fl. I
 Fl. II
 Cl. I
 Cl. II
 Fag. I

opesso.
opesso.
ppesso.
mpesso.
opesso.

p

164

Flco.
 Fl. I
 Fl. II
 Cl. I
 Cl. II
 Fag.

f

164

Archi

mf

165

Picc.

Fl. I

Fl. II

Cl. I

Cl. II

Fag.

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni

e

Tuba

Timp.

165

Archl

This page of a musical score is for a symphony orchestra. It contains the following parts and their corresponding staves:

- Picc.** (Piccolo): Staff 1, starting with a key signature of one flat and a common time signature.
- Fl.** (Flute): Staff 2, starting with a key signature of one flat and a common time signature.
- Ob.** (Oboe): Staff 3, starting with a key signature of one flat and a common time signature.
- Cl. picc.** (Piccolo Clarinet): Staff 4, starting with a key signature of one flat and a common time signature.
- Cl.** (Clarinet): Staff 5, starting with a key signature of one flat and a common time signature.
- Fag.** (Bassoon): Staff 6, starting with a key signature of one flat and a common time signature.
- Cor.** (Cor Anglais): Staff 7, starting with a key signature of one flat and a common time signature.
- Tr-bc** (Trumpet in B-flat): Staff 8, starting with a key signature of one flat and a common time signature.
- Tr-ni e Tuba** (Trumpet in D and Tuba): Staff 9, starting with a key signature of one flat and a common time signature.
- Timp.** (Timpani): Staff 10, starting with a key signature of one flat and a common time signature.
- Archi** (Strings): Staff 11, starting with a key signature of one flat and a common time signature.

The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like "dim.", "p", "cresc.", and "a2".

166

Picc. *f*

Fl. *f*

Ob. *f*

Cl. picc. *f*

Cl. *f*

Fag. *f*

C-fag. *f*

Cor. *mf*

Tr. ba *mf*

Tr. ai *mf*

Tuba *mf*

Timp.

166

Arch. *pizz.*

pizz.

pizz.

pizz.

pizz.

pizz.

167

Picc. *cresc.* *a2*

Fl. *f* *cresc.* *ff*

Ob. *cresc.* *ff*

Cl. picc. *cresc.* *ff*

Cl. *cresc.* *ff*

Fag. *a2* *f*

C-fag. *f*

Cor. *f* *IV*

Tr-be

Tr-nl
o

Tuba

Timp.

167

Archi *arco* *f*

Pico. Fl. Ob. Cl. p.ico. Cl. Fag. C-fag. Cor. (IV) Tr-bo Tr-ni e Tuba Timp. Archi

Musical score for a symphony orchestra, measures 165 to 170. The score includes parts for Piccolo, Flute, Oboe, Clarinet in C, Clarinet in B-flat, Bassoon, Contrabassoon, Cor Anglais (IV), Trumpet, Trombone, Trumpet and Tuba, Timpani, and Strings (Archi).

Dynamics and markings include: *f*, *mf*, *dim.*, *p*, *div.*, and *unis.*. The strings play a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes, while the woodwinds and brass have melodic lines. The timpani part is marked with a *mf* dynamic.

168

169

Fag. *170*
 C-fag. *p*
 Cor.

Archi

univ.

cresc.

cresc.

mp arco

arco mp

arco

arco

170

[illegible]

Arch.

171

Fl. *a2*
Ob. *I. II a2*
Cl. *a2*
Fag. I *p*
C-fag. *p*
Cor. *p*

171

non div. pizz.
pizz.
pizz.
Arch. *p*

172

Fag. I
C-fag.
Arch. *arco*

173

Picc. *p cresc.*

Fl. *a2 p cresc.*

Ob. *I-II p a2 cresc.*

Cl. *a2 p cresc.*

Fag. I

C-fag.

Cor. *p cresc.*

Tr-bo *I-II p cresc.*

Tr-ni

Tuba

Tim.

173

Arch. *mp cresc.*

Flauto (Fl.)
 Flauto (Fl.)
 Ob. I. II a2
 Cl. piccolo (Cl. picc.)
 Cl. a2
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr. ba I. II
 Tr. ni o
 Tuba
 Timp.
 Archi
 pizz.

Musical score for orchestra, page 170. The score is in 2/4 time and features woodwinds, brass, and strings. The woodwinds (Ob., Cl. picc., Cl. a2) play a melodic line with various accidentals. The brass (Cor., Tr. ba I. II, Tr. ni o, Tuba) and Timp. play a rhythmic pattern. The strings (Archi) play a pizzicato accompaniment. Dynamics include *ff*, *mf*, and *pizz.*

Picc.
 Fl.
 I. II. (a2)
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 (a2)
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr. - b.
 I. II.
 Tr. ni.
 e.
 Tuba.
 Timp.

174
 arco
 div.
 arco
 arco
 arco
 arco

М. 34447 Г.

175

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C. & B.

Cor.
 Tr. ba
 Tr. ni
 Tuba
 Timp.

Archi

Pico.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr. ni
 o
 Tuba
 Timp.
 Archi

Dynamics: *ff*, *f*, *unif.*
 Articulations: *acc.*, *stacc.*
 Time signature: 2/4
 Key signature: One sharp (F#)

176

Picc. $\text{♩} = \text{♩}$
 Fl. a^2
 Ob. a^2
 Cl. picc. a^2
 Cl. a^2
 Fag. a^2
 C-fag. a^2
 Cor.
 Tr. ba
 Tr. ni
 Tuba
 Timp.

178

Archl. div.

Cor.

div.

unis.

Archi

Ob.

Cl. pmo.

Cl.

ff

Cor.

Archi

177

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. p. ec.

Cl.

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni

e

Tuba

Timp.

Arch.

unis.

unis.

Fl. Picc. Fl. Ob. Cl. picc. Cl. Fag. C-fag. Cor. Tr-be Tr-nl e Tuba Timp.

II II

Archi

M. 84457 P.

Flao.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. piao.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 Archi

Musical score for page 179, featuring woodwinds, brass, and strings. The score is divided into three systems. The first system includes Flauto (Flao.), Flauto (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet in A (Cl. piao.), Clarinet in Bb (Cl.), Bassoon (Fag.), and Contrabassoon (C-fag.). The second system includes Cor Anglais (Cor.), Trumpet in Bb (Tr-be), Trumpet in C (Tr-ni), Euphonium (e), Tuba, and Timpani (Timp.). The third system is for the string section (Archi). The woodwinds and strings play a melodic line with various ornaments and dynamics, while the brass section provides harmonic support with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns. The score is written in a key with one flat and a common time signature.

178

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.

This section of the score covers measures 178 to 181. The woodwind instruments (Piccolo, Flute, Oboe, Clarinet in Piccolo, Clarinet, Bassoon, and Contrabassoon) play a melodic line starting in measure 178, marked with a forte 'f' dynamic. The strings (Cor Anglais, Trombone I & II, Trumpet I & II, Tuba, and Timpani) provide a harmonic accompaniment with sustained notes and rhythmic patterns. The key signature has two flats, and the time signature is 4/4.

178

Archi

This section of the score covers measures 178 to 181 for the string ensemble. All string parts (Violins I & II, Violas, Cellos, and Double Basses) play a complex, fast-moving rhythmic pattern, marked with a piano 'p' dynamic. The pattern consists of sixteenth-note runs and eighth-note figures. The key signature has two flats, and the time signature is 4/4.

Pico. *a2.* *p cresc.*
 Fl. *a2.* *p cresc.*
 Ob. *a2.* *p cresc.*
 Cl. picc.
 Cl. *a2.* *p cresc.*
 Fag. *a2.* *p cresc.*
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be (II) *poco cresc.*
 Tr-ni (II) *poco cresc.*
 e
 Tuba *poco cresc.*
 Timp.
 Archi *cresc.* *cresc.* *cresc.* *cresc.* *cresc.*

Fl. Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. picc.

Cl.

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni

Tuba

Timp.

Archl.

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C. fag.
 Cor.
 Tr.-bo
 Tr.-al
 u
 Tuba
 Timp.
 Archi

The musical score is written for a full orchestra. The woodwind section includes Piccolo, Flute, Oboe, Clarinet in Piccolo, Clarinet, Bassoon, and Contrabassoon. The brass section includes Cor Anglais, Trumpet in B-flat, Trumpet in A, Trombone, Tuba, and Timpani. The string section is labeled 'Archi'. The score is in 2/4 time and features various dynamics and articulations.

180

Picc. *ff*

Fl. *ff*

Ob. *ff*

Cl. picc. *ff*

Cl. *ff*

Fag. *ff*

C. fag. *ff*

Cor. *f*

Tr-bc *f*

Tr-ni

e

Tuba

Timp.

180

Archi

Flauto (Fl.)
 Flauto (Fl.)
 Oboe (Ob.)
 Clarinet in B-flat (Cl. b.)
 Clarinet in B-flat (Cl. b.)
 Bassoon (Fag.)
 Bassoon (C-fag.)
 Cor Anglais (Cor.)
 Trumpet (Tr.)
 Trombone (Tromb.)
 Tuba (Tuba)
 Timpani (Timp.)
 Archi (Archi)

The musical score is written for a full orchestra. The woodwind section includes two flutes, an oboe, two clarinets in B-flat, and two bassoons. The brass section includes two horns, two trumpets, a trombone, a tuba, and timpani. The string section is represented by a single staff labeled 'Archi'. The score is in common time (C) and features a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The woodwinds and strings play a melodic line, while the brass section provides harmonic support with chords and rhythmic patterns. The woodwinds have various markings such as '8', 'a2', and 'a2' above the staff. The brass section has markings like '8' and 'a2' below the staff. The string section has markings like '8' and 'a2' below the staff.

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C. fag.
 Cor.
 Tr - ba
 Tr - al
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 Archi

This musical score page contains staves for various instruments. The woodwind section includes Piccolo (Picc.), Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Piccolo Clarinet (Cl. picc.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fag.), and Contrabassoon (C. fag.). The brass section includes Cor Anglais (Cor.), Trombone (Tr - ba), Trumpet (Tr - al), and Tuba. The percussion section includes Timpani (Timp.). The string section (Archi) is represented by five staves. The score is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a common time signature (C). The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

This is a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony or concert band. The page contains staves for the following instruments:

- Fl.** (Flute)
- Ob.** (Oboe)
- Cl. bico** (Clarinet in B-flat)
- Cl.** (Clarinet in C)
- Fag.** (Bassoon)
- C-fag.** (Contrabassoon)
- Cor.** (Cor Anglais)
- Tr.-ba** (Trumpet)
- Tr.-al** (Trombone)
- Tuba**
- Timp.** (Timpani)
- Saxh.** (Saxophone)

The score is written in a single system with multiple staves. It includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like "a2" and "solli". The page number "181" is visible in the center.

Flao.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. piao.

Cl.

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-bo

Tr-ni

Tuba

Timp.

T-ro

Archi

This image shows a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony or concert band. The score is written for a large ensemble, including the following instruments:

- Flute (Fl.)**: Two staves, both marked *a2*.
- Oboe (Ob.)**: One staff, marked *a2*.
- Clarinet (Cl.)**: Two staves, both marked *a2*.
- Bassoon (Fag.)**: One staff, marked *a2*.
- Cor**: Two staves, both marked *a2*.
- Trumpet (Tr.)**: Two staves, both marked *a2*.
- Trombone (Tromb.)**: Two staves, both marked *a2*.
- Tuba**: One staff.
- Timpani (Timp.)**: One staff.
- Strings (Arch.)**: Four staves (Violins I, Violins II, Violas, and Cellos/Double Basses).

The score is written in a single system, with measures numbered 152 to 157. The music features a variety of note values, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is 4/4. The page is numbered 152 in the bottom right corner.

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 T-ro
 Piatfi
 Archi

This musical score page (190) contains staves for the following instruments: Piccolo (Picc.), Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Piccolo Clarinet (Cl. picc.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fag.), Contrabassoon (C-fag.), Cor Anglais (Cor.), Trumpet (Tr-be), Trombone (Tr-ni e), Tuba, Timpani (Timp.), Tom-tom (T-ro), and Strings (Piatfi, Archi). The woodwind and string sections are playing complex, fast-moving passages with many accidentals. The brass section (Cor, Tr-be, Tr-ni e, Tuba) has a more rhythmic, punctuating role. The percussion section (Timp., T-ro) provides a steady rhythmic foundation. The score is written in a key with one sharp (F#) and a 3/4 time signature.

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 T-ro
 Piatti
 Archi

This is a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony. The score is written in 2/4 time and includes dynamic markings such as "cresc." and "poco cresc." The instruments listed on the left side of the page are:

- Fl. (Flute)
- Oboe
- Cl. (Clarinet)
- Bassoon
- Cor. (Cor Anglais)
- Tr. (Trumpet)
- T. (Trombone)
- Tuba
- Tim. (Timpani)
- T. (Trombone)
- Plati (Plate)
- Arch. (Archi)

The score is written in a single system, with each instrument having its own staff. The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The page is numbered "10" in the bottom right corner.

184

185 *Listesso tempo*

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. picc.

Cl.

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-bo

Tr-ni
e

Tuba

Timp.

T-ro

Piatti

Cassa

Tam-tam

cresc.

dim.

p

muta in A

184

185

Archl.

p

Psemplce

p

186

Fag. *p*

Timp.

186

p *semplice*

Arch.

187

Tr-bal. *sole*

Tr-bnel. *sole*

Timp. *non cresc.*

187

div. *cresc.* *mf dim.* *div.* *p*

Arch. *cresc.* *mf dim.* *p*

mf

mf

188

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. ploc.

Cl.

Fag.

C-fag.

in A

p

a2

p

p

p

p

p

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni

Tuba

Timp.

con sord.

con sord.

I

II. III.

con sord.

con sord.

p

p

p

p

p

p

188

Archl

p

unis.

p

p

p

p

p

p

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 Archi

(a2)
 p
 p
 p
 p

Musical score for page 197, featuring woodwinds, brass, and strings. The score is written in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. The woodwind section includes Piccolo, Flute, Oboe, Piccolo Clarinet, and Clarinet (marked (a2)). The brass section includes Bassoon, Contrabassoon, Horn, Trumpet, Trombone, Trumpet (marked Tr-ni), Euphonium, Tuba, and Timpani. The string section is labeled Archi. The woodwinds and strings play a melodic line with slurs and ties, while the brass section provides harmonic support with sustained notes. Dynamics include piano (p).

189

Cor.

Tr-be
II, III

Tr-ni
e

Tuba

Timp.

p

189

Archi

mf

190

Tr-ba I

Tr-nel

Timp.

190

con sord. *(div.)*

p

con sord. div.

p

con sord. div.

p

Archi

p

191

Tr-ba I

Tr-ne I

Timp.

Archi

p

dim.

dim.

dim.

dim.

dim.

1. solo

Fag.

Tr-ba I

Tr-ne I

Timp.

T-ro

Piatti

Cassa

V-o.

C-b.

mf

mf

pp

pp

p

pp

dim.

dim.

192

Fag. I

T-ro

Platti

Cassa

V-c.

C-b.

193

Fag. I

T-ro

Platti

Cassa

V-c.

C-b.

194

Cl.

Fag.

T-ro

Platti

Cassa

V-c.

C-b.

solo I

p

II

Cl. I

Fag. II I II

V-c.

C-b.

Ob. 195

Cl. I 195

Fag. II-III p fp

V-c. 195

C-b. 195

Ob. I fp fp

Cl. II-III fp fp

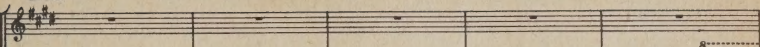
Fag. I fp fp

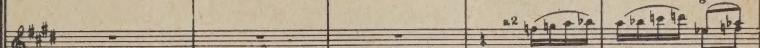
V-c.

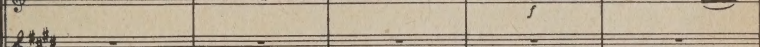
C-b.

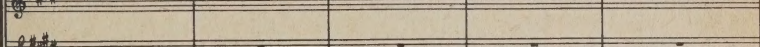
[illegible]

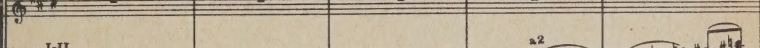
196

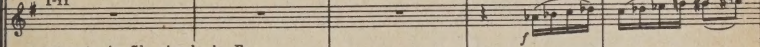
Picc. 

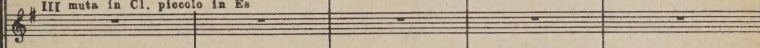
Fl. 

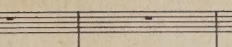
Ob. 

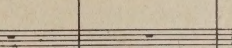
Cl. 

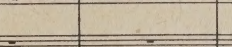
I-II 

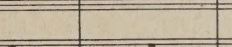
III muta in Cl. piccolo in Es 

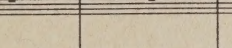
Fag. 

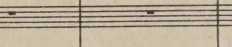
Cor. 

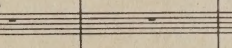
III 

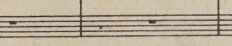
Tr-be 

mf 

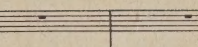
Tr-ni 

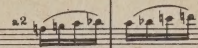
e 

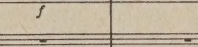
Tuba 

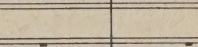
Timp. 

196

Archi 

unis. 

div. 

div. 

197

Picc. *f* *a2*

Fl. *f* *a2*

Ob. *f* *a2*

Cl. picc. *f* *a2*

Cl. *f* *a2*

Fag. *f* *a2*

Cor. I *f*

Cor. III *fp* *f*

Tr-be *f*

Tr-ni

e

Tuba *f*

Timp.

197

Archi *f* *unis. pizz.* *f* *arco* *f*

f *unis. pizz.* *f* *arco* *f*

f *pizz.* *f* *arco* *f*

f *unis. pizz.* *f* *arco* *f*

Picc. Fl. Ob. Cl. picc. Cl. Fag. Cor. (I) (III) Tr-be Tr-ni e Tuba Timp. Archi

Musical score for page 205, featuring woodwinds, brass, and strings. The score is in 2/4 time with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The woodwinds (Piccolo, Flute, Oboe, Clarinet in C, Clarinet in Bb, Bassoon) and brass (Cornet I, Cornet III, Trumpet, Trombone, Trumpet and Tuba) sections enter in the fourth measure with a forte (f) dynamic. The strings (Violins, Violas, Cellos, Double Basses) enter in the fifth measure with a piano (p) dynamic. The score includes various musical notations such as slurs, ties, and dynamic markings (f, p, div., cresc., decresc.).

198

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. picc.

Cl.

Fag.

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni
e
Tuba

Timp.

198

Archi

Cor.

III

Tr-be

Archl

Cor.

199

Tr-be

mf

Timp.

mp

Archl

199

f

Cor. I
Cor. III

Tr-be I, II

Timp.

Archl.

plaz.

Picc.

Fl.

Cl. I

Cl. II

Cor. I

Cor. III

Tr-be I

V-ni I

V-ni II

200

dim.

pp

dim.

p

Fl. picc. Fl. I Ob. Cl. I Cl. II Fag. Cor. Tr-be Tr-ni
a Tuba Timp. Archi

p *p* *p* *p* *p*

ff subito *pizz.* *ff subito* *pizz.* *ff subito* *pizz.* *ff subito* *pizz.* *ff subito* *pizz.* *ff subito*

201

Fl. picc. *ff subito*

Fl. I *ff subito*

Ob. *ff subito*

Cl. picc. *ff sub.*

Cl. I *ff sub.*

Cl. II *ff sub.*

Fag. *ff*

C. fag. *ff*

Cor.

Tr. br. *mf*

Tr. ni
e
Tuba *senza sord. mf*

Timp.

201

Archi *pizz. ff sub. pizz. ff sub. pizz. ff sub. pizz. ff sub.*

Pico.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. pico.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 T-ro
 Archl

The musical score is written for a symphony orchestra. The instruments listed on the left are: Pico., Fl., Ob., Cl. pico., Cl., Fag., C-fag., Cor., Tr-be, Tr-ni e Tuba, Timp., T-ro, and Archl. The score is in 2/4 time and features a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The music is divided into two systems. The first system includes measures 1 through 10, and the second system includes measures 11 through 14. The instruments are arranged in staves, with some instruments having multiple staves. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and dynamic markings like 'ff' (fortissimo) and 'solo'.

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. picc.

Cl.

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni

Tuba

Timp.

T-ro

Archi

203

Picc. *ff* *a.2*

Fl. *ff* *a.2*

Ob. *ff*

Cl. picc. *ff* *a.2*

Cl. *ff*

Fag. *ff*

C-fag. *ff*

Cor. *a.2* *mf*

Tr-be *a.2* *mf*

Tr-ni *a.2* *mf*

Tuba *mf*

Timp.

203

Arch. *ff* *arco*

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. p. picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 T-ro
 Archi

a2
 a2
 a2
 a2
 a2
 p cresc.
 p cresc.
 ff

This is a page from a musical score, likely for a symphony. The instruments listed on the left are Piccolo (Pico.), Flute (Fl.), Oboe (Ob.), Clarinet (Cl.), Bassoon (Fag.), Contrabassoon (C-fag.), Cor (Horn), Trumpet (Tr-b), Trombone (Tr-b), Tuba (Tuba), Timpani (Timp.), and Trombone (T-ro). The score is written in G major (one sharp) and 2/4 time. It features various musical notations, including dynamics like *cresc.* (crescendo) and *p cresc.* (piano crescendo), and rehearsal marks like *(a2)*. The page number 210 is visible in the top right corner.

Ploo. *a2*
 Fl. *a2*
 Ob. *a2*
 Cl. ploo. *a2*
 Cl. *a2*
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 T-lo
 T-ro
 Platti
 Archi

p cresc.
f cresc.
ord.
 204
 M. 24447 Г.

Picc. *fff*
a2
 Fl. *fff*
a2
 Ob. *fff*
 Cl. picc. *fff*
 Cl. *fff*
a2
 Fag. *fff*
 C-fag. *fff*
 Cor. *f*
 Tr-be *f*
 Tr-ni *f*
 e *f*
 Tuba *f*
 Timp.
 Archi

Picc.

Fl.

Ob.

Cl. picc.

Cl.

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni

Tuba

Timp

Archl

Picc.
 Fl. (a2)
 Ob.
 Cl. picc.
 Cl. (a2)
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 o
 Tuba
 Timp. solo
 T-ro
 Archi

Musical score for page 219, featuring woodwinds, brass, and strings. The score includes parts for Piccolo, Flute (a2), Oboe, Clarinet Piccolo, Clarinet (a2), Bassoon, Contrabassoon, Cor Anglais, Trumpet B-flat, Trumpet C, Tuba, Timpani (solo), Tom-tom, and Strings. The music is in 2/4 time with a key signature of two sharps (F# and C#). The woodwinds and strings play a rhythmic pattern of eighth and sixteenth notes. The brass instruments play a more melodic line. The timpani has a 'solo' section. The strings play a steady accompaniment. The score is written on multiple staves for each instrument group.

205

Picc. *a²*

Fl. *a²*

Ob.

Cl-picc.

Cl. *a²*

Fag.

C-fag.

Cor.

Tr-be

Tr-ni
e

Tuba

Timp.

Tr-lo *ff*

T-ro *ff*

Platti

p cresc

solo

Detailed description: This block contains the musical notation for measures 205 and 206 for the woodwind and percussion sections. The instruments listed on the left are Piccolo, Flute, Oboe, Clarinet-picc., Clarinet, Bassoon, Contrabassoon, Cor Anglais, Trumpet, Trombone, Trumpet in E, Tuba, Timpani, Triangle, and Snare Drum. The Piccolo, Flute, Oboe, and Clarinet parts have a '2' with a flat (a²) indicating a second ending or key signature change. The percussion parts include Timpani, Triangle (marked *ff*), and Snare Drum (marked *ff*). The Snare Drum part has a 'solo' marking. The measure numbers 205 and 206 are boxed at the top of the first measure of each system.

206

Archi

Detailed description: This block contains the musical notation for measures 205 and 206 for the string section. The instrument listed on the left is 'Archi' (Strings). The notation shows five staves for the string ensemble. The measure numbers 205 and 206 are boxed at the top of the first measure of each system.

206

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl. pice.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 T-ro
 Platti

206

Archi

Picc.
 Fl.
 Ob.
 Cl-picc.
 Cl.
 Fag.
 C-fag.
 Cor.
 Tr-be
 Tr-ni
 e
 Tuba
 Timp.
 T ro
 Piatti
 Archi

M. 24447 F.

Picc.
Fl.
Ob.
Cl. picc.
Cl.
Fag.
C-fag.
Cor.
Tr-br
Tr-ni
Tuba
Timp.
Tr-lo
T-ro
Piaffl
Arch.

(a2)
(a2)
(a2)
(a2)
a2
a2
p cresc.
p cresc.
p cresc.
p cresc.
p cresc.
p cresc.
p cresc.
gliss.
gliss.
gliss.
gliss.

223

ШОСТАКОВИЧ
ДМИТРИЙ ДМИТРИЕВИЧ
ДЕСЯТАЯ СИМФОНΙΑ

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